

EGYPT STUDY CIRCLE

THE QUARTERLY CIRCULAR

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THE   QUARTERLY   CIRCULAR

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Officers

President	...	...	...	Lt. Col. J.R. Danson, M.C., T.D., F.R.P.S.L., Dry Close, Grasmere, Westmoreland.
Chairman	...	...	...	J.H.E. Gilbert, F.R.P.S.L., Middleton-on-Sea, Sussex.
Keeper of the Philatelic Record	...	...	...	Charles W. Minett, "Fairmead", 3, Bridgefield Road, Whitstable, Kent.
Secretary/Treasurer	...	...	...	Peter Andrews, 149, Pickhurst Lane, Hayes, Bromley, Kent.
Editor of the Quarterly Circular	...	...	...	R.A.G. Potter, 12, Middle Row, (High Street), Maidstone, Kent.

REPORT OF THE 133rd Meeting of the Egypt Study Circle held at the offices of the British Philatelic Association, London, on Saturday 23rd January 1971.

Our Chairman presided and was supported by a small but very interested group - P. Andrews, K.C. Brown, C. Gilders, C. W. Minett, R.A.G. Potter, D. Turton, and P.E. Whetter. Apologies were received from some of those unable to attend.

The De la Rue Issues from the 1st April 1879 to the chalk-surfaced paper issue of 1902 were the subject of our discussions. John Revell, although not present, had placed at our disposal his fine collection of these issues comprising mint and used of each value in quantity and illustrating the various shades, etc..

Some complete sheets were shown, and numerous blocks, from collections of the members present. Ron Potter produced a complete sheet of the 1879 5 paras (control 1 in circle at top left and bottom right, 1 in rectangular box at top right and bottom left) - of which stamp No. 33 (No. 13 in the top right pane) had the Arabic characters nearly joined somewhat resembling the variety listed and illustrated by Zeheri as 23b. He was not sure that this had any connection with the more pronounced catalogued variety but it could reasonably be an early state of such. Other sheets, or panes, with the same control numbers have been seen without any trace of this flaw. It will be remembered that Lars Alund reported a top marginal block of four with the joined Arabic characters variety in the top row (L'OP 123 - page 351). Is there any connection? No pun intended!

It was noted that many of the listings in Zeheri Catalogue appear to be incorrect, and that the record of the marginal markings of this issue have not been brought up to date for some considerable time. All the controls produced at this meeting are, therefore, listed for the benefit of all. Any additions or amendments (in the case of half-sheets or sheets, or even panes, in collections) should be passed to the Keeper of the Record (or the Editor) for future publication.

P. E. Whetter, No. 133)

THE MARGINAL MARKINGS OF THE DE LA RUE ISSUES:

Since the meeting reported above Charles Minett has passed to me a list of these issues prepared by Robert Leslie some twenty years ago. It is this list that we would now like to up date and amplify, and include in a later edition of the Quarterly Circular.

The Plate Numbers appear in the four corners of the sheet and come either in a circle or a rectangle with inward curving corners. To facilitate recording I have abbreviated the descriptions thus:

(1) stands for 1 in circle.  
1 " 1 in rectangle.

: : Denotes the four corners of the sheet.  
 . .

The following - with a few additions from the Whetter and Potter collections - were seen at the Circle meeting. We would welcome further information shewing

- 1) the denomination and year of issue
- 2) watermark - Type I narrow, Type II wide, normal or inverted.
- 3) plate number in circle, or rectangle, and the position of same in the block, pane, or sheet
- 4) jubilee lines in the margins - none, continuous or broken
- 5) any other marginal markings
- 6) other information - such as flaws, varieties, etc. if noted.

1879	5 paras	(1) <u>1</u>	<u>1</u> (1)	complete sheet of four panes		
	2 piastres yellow			(1) LH margin - pane not known.		
1884	20 paras/5P. green	. <u>6</u>	. .	block	. .	<u>6</u> . photograph of block
1884	10 paras green	(1) <u>2</u>	<u>2</u> (1)	complete sheet of four panes		
1884	20 paras rose	. .	. (1)	block		
1884	1 piastre blue			(2) RH margin - pane not known		
		<u>3</u> .	. .	block	. .	<u>3</u> . block
		. .	(4) .	block	. .	(4) . block
				(4) LH margin - pane not known		

<u>Cont.</u> 1 piastre blue	(4)	:	pane - official overprint.
5 piastres grey	(2)	:	block (and block - official overprint)
	.	:	
	(2)	:	block - official overprint
	.	:	
1888 1 millieme to 1906	$\frac{1}{.}$	:	block - official $\frac{1}{.}$ block
	(2)	(2)	complete sheet of four panes
	(2)	(2)	
	.	(3)	block (3) block
	.	.	
	.	(3)	block
	.	.	
2 milliemes	$\frac{1}{.}$	:	block $\frac{1}{.}$ block
	.	.	
	$\frac{1}{.}$	:	block
	.	.	
3 milliemes maroon	.	(1)	half-sheet of two panes
	.	(1)	
3 milliemes yellow	(1)	:	block (1) block
	.	.	
	(2)	:	block
	.	.	
4 milliemes vermilion	(1)	(1)	complete sheet of four panes
	(1)	(1)	
5 milliemes rose-c			(2) RH margin - pane not known
			(3) RH margin - pane not known

REPORT OF THE 134th Meeting of the Egypt Study Circle held at the offices of the British Philatelic Association, London, on Saturday 27th March 1971.

Our Chairman presided and was supported by a few, but very keen, members - many apologies having been received from those unable to be present.

The meeting was informed that our Chairman, J.H.E. Gilbert, F.R.P.S.L., had been invited to sign the Roll of Distinguished Philatelists at the forthcoming meeting of the Philatelic Congress of Great Britain to be held in June of this year at Norwich. Those present congratulated John on being the recipient of this great honour - the highest that can be bestowed - and the reflection this had on the Circle. He would be the tenth member of the Circle to be so honoured!

Two of our members had been successful at "Stampex" and congratulations were expressed:-

John Hobbs (E.S.C. No. 151) - Silver Medal - Seals of the Concession Period.

Francis W. Benians (E.S.C. No. 123) - Bronze-Silver - The Defence of Egypt 1914-1916.

Francis W. Benians - Bronze - Thematic "Advertising Postal Instructions in Philately".

It was also noted that a non-member, Major C. Cole, had received a bronze-silver for a display of the **First** Issue (1866) of Egypt.

It was unanimously agreed that the name of our Chairman be nominated by the Circle for consideration of the Nugent Award for Postal History.

Concern was expressed at the unusually low attendance at this meeting. It was realized that it was partially due to the break down of communication due to the recent postal strike, and also several members who normally attended had sickness in their respective families.

It was agreed that the Circle's meetings should be notified and reported in the Philatelic Press in an effort to stimulate further interest among the general collectors of Egypt. F. W. Benians offered to undertake these duties and to generally assist the Honorary Secretary with publicity. It was proposed and agreed that an Office covering Publicity be created and that F. W. Benians be appointed pro tem.

Charles Minett continued to lead the discussion on the Study of the French Offices in Egypt with the later cancellations of the office

in Cairo. It was realized that although a certain amount of information had been collated over the years, with the comparative scarcity of material available it would not be possible at this stage to issue a report of the findings of the types and sub-types of postmarks. This was a study that had not been actively pursued for some considerable time and the Circle would welcome assistance from any members.

There followed discussion on other French Offices:-

PORT SAID - French numeral cancellation 5119.

Opened as a Bureau de Distribution January 1867.

Converted to a receiving office 1st January 1894.

Closed 31st March 1931.

SUEZ - French numeral cancellation 5105.

Opened as a Bureau de Distribution 27th October 1862.

Converted to a receiving office 1875.

Closed 1st December 1888.

(Material from this office is acknowledged to be very scarce).

Charles Minett was thanked by the Chairman for his presentation of the notes and information held in the Record.

The meeting concluded with a view of members recent acquisitions. Of the various items seen the following merit special mention:-

OHMS envelope dated 13th December 1914 with Egypt 5 milliemes Sphinx illustrating that at this time the civil authorities still carried official Army mail.

Marconi Radio Telegraph Company Telegraph Form with both FPO and "EGYPT PREPAID" date stamps of World War II.

Registered cover from Jeddah addressed to Port Said back stamped with the circular registered date stamps of Port Taufiq and Port Said of March 1926.

Post-card with the "A" in circle 'dumb' Civil Censor mark of Alexandria struck in red - date Dec 1914/Jan 1915.

Future meetings have been arranged as follows:-

29th May 1971 - 1927/36 Fuad Issue.

31st July 1971 - The Third Issue.

2nd October 1971 - 1937/44 Farouk Issue.

4th December 1971 - The Second Issue.

F.W. Benians (E.S.C. No. 123)



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NOTES FROM THE KEEPER OF THE PHILATELIC RECORD -

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Charles W. Minett (E.S.C. No. 77)

During October last we, the Record and I, again had the pleasure and benefit of a visit from Peter Feltus who stayed for a few days during which we were able to collate considerable data about early and late dates of postal markings in use between 1866 and 1880 for onward transmission to the United States of America where R. Seymour Blomfield is conducting Study VI - a task of great magnitude which will benefit us all.

Jim Benians came down for a week-end in November during which we were able to make rhyme and reason of the Egyptian Civil Censor markings of World War I, an article on which it is hoped to publish shortly. Unfortunately time did not permit us more than a glance at the "EGYPT POSTAGE PREPAID" section of World War II postal markings now being actively pursued by our Jim, who would like to hear from members with this material. He is also starting a study of World War II Civil Censor marks.

A final "flying visit" from Peter Feltus rounded off his "GRAND TOUR" in December when he returned, safely and satisfied we trust, to the United States.

### The Second Issue - 1867

Some time ago an attractive wood-cut depicting an obelisk and a column came my way. It is inscribed "Egyptian Monuments around which the French slain at Alexandria were interred" and "Cleopatra's Needle and the Alexandrian column known by the name of Pompey's Pillar." It is these monuments which are depicted flanking the Sphinx and Pyramid in the design of the second issue.

At the risk of seeming pedantic (but rather with the desire to help those who like to write-up the designs of their stamps) I draw attention to the fact that the column belongs to the Corinthian Order of Architecture and not to the earlier Ionic Order. This slip appeared in the articles by the late P.L. Pemberton in the "Philatelic Journal of Great Britain" - notably in Volume XX No. 232 (10th April 1910) page 75 where he, having then recently secured a set of die-proofs of the 1867 issue, set down in proper order the differences between the four types (i.e. die varieties) of each value. Quoting Pemberton, Melville (1915) repeated the error and he in turn was

quoted by the late A. Dazzi in "L'Orient Philatelique" No. 11 (January 1932). It occurs also in all Zeheri's catalogues and in an article in the "Philatelic Magazine" Volume 57 No. 23 (11th November 1949).

As is more well known neither Cleopatra nor Pompey had any connections with the two monuments tho' of course their names lend enchantment.

#### The Fourth Issue - 20 paras of 1884

As reported on page 66 the January meeting of the Circle had on the Agenda the study of the De la Rue Sphinx and Pyramid issue. Thus urged I have done some date checking and find that many copies of the 20 paras rose can be found cancelled between February and May 1888 at least, although this stamp together with the 10 paras green became obsolete on the 30th January at the time when the new currency milliemes replaced the paras. It would seem, therefore, that the Postal Authorities turned a blind eye to this improper (though harmless enough) use of this stamp in lieu of the new 5 milliemes equivalent of the same colour.

#### The Crown Overprints of 1922

Whilst sorting through a number of these overprints recently I was fortunate in finding a clearly commercially used example of the 10 milliemes Type III (Large Crown) with overprint well misplaced to the right (surcharge à cheval), the overlap from the edge of the left hand frame line being 1.75 mm.. This comes from the first setting of 12, nos. 7 and 8, and is postmarked "ALEXANDRIA/K 16 JU. 27. Zeheri's catalogue lists only a variety (74a) as misplaced to the bottom.

Of watermark varieties I am able to confirm the sideways multiple one (Zeheri type X - No. 80c) on the 10 milliemes Type I on an example used at FAGGALA/P in 1923.

Of the inverted watermarks (Type VIII) I can confirm the following:-

Type I	3 mills.	(71a)
	5 mills.	(73b)
	10 mills.	(74a)
Type II	4 mills.	(72a)
	5 mills.	(73a)
Type IV	50 mills.	(78b).

#### Sea Mails - Lloyd Triestino

Some of the more acceptable maritime cancellations to be found on Egyptian stamps are those of the Italian shipping lines which rose to prominence during the 1920's and 1930's. One such, to be found mostly on the second Fuad Issue, is that of the Lloyd Triestino Company's "AUSONIA". In addition to

the name and date in plain figures the circular datestamp bears the words "PIROSCAFI POSTALI ITALIANO" indicating that she was an Italian Mail Steamship. In my collection a commercial cover addressed to England bearing a rate of 10 milliemes is dated 10 10 29 - other single stamps extend the date span to 21 9 35.

In the Egyptian Government's Postal Administration Annual Report for 1935 there occurs a paragraph stating that on her return (without mails) from a voyage to Syria, the "AUSONIA" caught fire and burnt out in Alexandria harbour on the 18th October 1935. Further paragraphs indicate that this loss together with the Italo-Abyssinian War caused the Lloyd Triestino Company to modify its itineraries and journeys and in some cases to suspend its services.

There is in Whitstable to-day one who remembers well the incident of the "AUSONIA". He has good reason to since, as a lad of 17, he was Captain's Messenger on board the flagship H.M.S. "QUEEN ELIZABETH" which, with the greater part of the British Mediterranean Fleet, was berthed in Alexandria harbour at the time. British sailors formed fire pickets to fight the blaze which menaced nearby ammunition ships.

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The Marginal Markings of the De la Rue Issues (Continued from page 68)

1888	5 milliemes	(4)	:	block - official	(4)	:	block
to		.	:			:	
1906				(4) RH margin - pane not known			
		(5)	:	block - official	.	:	(5) block
		.	:			:	
		(6)	:	block	.	:	(6) block
		.	:			:	
		(6)	:	pane	.	:	(6) block
							official

Note: In some instances where "block" is marked, panes have since been seen.

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IN MEMORIUM

It was with deep regret that we heard of the death of Monsieur Gabriel Boulad (E.S.C. No. 66) in hospital at Beyrouth, Lebanon, on November 25th 1970, after a short illness, in his 90th year. (As reported in the last number of the Quarterly Circular, page 45).

Our deepest sympathy goes out to his widow and to his family in Lebanon and in Canada, in their great sorrow.

Gabriel Boulad was a lawyer in Alexandria for 50 years. He had been President of "L'Ordre des Avocats aux Jurisdictions Mixtes d'Egypte" and an "Officier de l'Ordre du Cedre", where he was held in high esteem.

He left Egypt on his retirement from the legal profession in 1965. One of his hobbies was music, which he dearly loved and composed. His other great hobby was philately and he was well known as a specialist in the stamps and postal history of Egypt. He joined the Egypt Study Circle in 1928. Gabriel Boulad made a special study of the postal history markings and cancellations of Egypt, and had written over 50 articles on these and kindred subjects in "L'Orient Philatelique" and which have been published over the last 33 years. These have been used as a constant reference by other philatelists all over the World.

He was a kindly, friendly and generous man, always ready to help other philatelists with his wonderful knowledge and good advice, and he will be missed by a very wide circle of friends. Although we shall miss him, we are thankful that he was spared to live such a long, useful and interesting life and grateful for all he did for the World of Philately.

J. H. E. Gilbert

E.S.C. No. 50

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Display at the Royal Philatelic Society, London,  
given by J.H.E. Gilbert, (E.S.C. No. 50)

Our last number was so filled with "Philympia 1970" that space could not be allocated to another most important meeting which took place on the 28th May 1970, when our Chairman (a Fellow of the Royal Philatelic Society, London) gave a very fine display of the Stamps, Postal History and Aero-Philately of Egypt before that Society.

I make no apology for recording this event so long after it took place - it is but proper that it should be recorded in detail in our publication, together with our congratulations to our Chairman for the manner in which he handled the honour of showing before the "Royal".

The following summary of the material displayed reads like a catalogue of the branches of Egyptian Philately, so very much was covered on the subject:-

The Posts in Ancient Egypt. Venetian Mediaeval Post to Egypt.  
Posta Europea. Egypt Transit Company. Government franks of 1865.  
First Issue of Egypt 1866.  
Second Issue of Egypt 1867/9.  
Third Issue of Egypt 1872. The First Printing.  
" " " " " \*20 paras.  
" " " " " \* 1 piastre.

\*Showing a comparison between the LITHOGRAPHED  
and TYPOGRAPHED PRINTINGS.

Third Issue of Egypt 1874/5. The Second Printings. Also 1879.

Suez Canal Stamps.

Postage Dues.

Railway Letters. Ship Letters. Motor Mail.

Egypt "Used Abroad" including cancellations used by the Egyptian  
Post Office in JAFFA.

British Consular Offices in Egypt. Crowned Circle covers used in  
Cairo and Suez.

Covers carried on the Overland Route, forwarded by Waghorn.

Austrian Consular Offices in Egypt.

Italian " " "

French " " "

Greek " " "

Fourth Issue of Egypt 1879-1906.

First Pictorial Issue of Egypt 1914-1922.

Crown Overprints of Egypt 1922.

First Portrait Issue King Fuad 1923-1924.

Second Portrait Issue King Fuad 1927-1937.

Official Stamps 1893-1922

Express Stamps. "Postmen" cancellations.

Diplomatic Mail.

Early Campaign Covers. Napoleonic Campaign in Egypt 1798-1801.

British Army Campaigns of 1882-3, 1884/5  
(including covers from the Canadian  
Voyageurs), and 1897-98.

First World War 1914-1918.

The British Forces Postal Concession 1932-1940 (N.A.A.F.I. Seals)

Second World War 1939-1945.

Air Mails. 1910 First Air Meeting at Heliopolis.

Pioneer Flights - Marc Pourpe in 1914 to Khartoum.

Royal Air Force Flights Cairo-Baghdad, and Civil Posts  
Iraq 1919-1920.

E.E.F. Emergency Air Mail Service carried out in 1919  
by the Royal Air Force during the general strike in  
Egypt.

Pioneer Flights including Ross Smith Flight to Australia  
1919/20 (with letter enclosed); and others to  
Khartoum, Kano, South Africa, India.

Zeppelin Airship Flights 1929 and 1931.

The Airgraph Service.

The Air Stamps of Egypt 1926-1953.

The many of us who were so kindly invited to be present at  
this display found so much of interest among the pages shown that the  
afternoon was all too short. Again congratulations John.

"EGYPTIAN MISCELLANY" - CHARLES MINETT

Report of the Display at a meeting of the  
FORCES POSTAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

by

F. W. Benians.

(E.S.C.No.123)  
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Our Keeper of the Philatelic Record, Charles Minett (E.S.C. No. 77), gave a display entitled "Egyptian Miscellany" to a well attended meeting of the Forces Postal History Society held at the offices of the British Philatelic Association, London, on Saturday the 6th November 1970.

The first part of the display covered the period preceeding World War I. Commencing with an item of the French Occupation (1st July 1798 - 2nd September 1801): An entire with straight line "LE CAIRE" being a letter from the Chief of Staff of Artillery in Cairo to the Commander of the 2nd Dantbovard Battalion in Alexandria dated "KAIRE 10 Vendemiaire 8an" (1st October 1799).

This was followed by various military letters and documents of the 19th Century. Examples of strikes of all known date stamps used by the Military Post Offices in Cairo and Alexandria - used as transit or arrival marks and not as cancellors until the 1914-18 War. Also shown were various "FREE" markings of British Military Hospitals and Rest Camps; and examples of Field Post Offices with near dates showing the change from one type of Censor mark to another.

The Dominion Forces were represented with both the "oval" and "boxed" types of "N.Z. Military Post Office Expeditionary Force" and "N.Z. Advanced Base Army Post Office" markings.

The foregoing showed Charles Minett as the historian while the second part emphasised his ability as a student. His subject was the study of the Concessionary Period between the two World Wars. Of the special Postal Seals, the rhetics, the numbered crowned circles and the various postal markings to be found used in conjunction with them. Evidence of the use by the Royal Air Force was well to the fore. Two

items of outstanding interest were examples of the small 3 milliemes Army Post stamp used on cover with authentic dates (i.e. before Christmas 1940).

The third and final part of the display dealt with the period of World War II. Noted particularly were items of Naval Mail, Prisoner of War and Internee Mail, and a copy of the German Prisoner of War magazine "Tribune".

The display was very well received and the afternoon came to an end all too soon.

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#### MEMBERSHIP

The following changes of address are noted:-

- 144 Gordon B. Garrett - 1245 No. Kings Road,  
LOS ANGELES,  
California 90069.
- 83 G. T. Houston - Suite 305, Howey Court,  
234 Collins Street,  
MELBOURNE 3000

The following resignations have been accepted:-

- 136 Miss E.M.D. Herbert, - Sunnyside,  
9, Springfield Avenue,  
HARROGATE, Yorkshire.
- 142 A.H.S. Humphrey - London, N.W.3.

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EGYPTIAN PERFORATIONS 1879 - 1935

A STORY OF NEGLECT AND MISREPRESENTATION IN CATALOGUES

by

G. T. Houston, (E.S.C. No. 83)

Chief Performers:	Stanley Gibbons Catalogue Part III	(S.G.)
	Scott Catalogue Part I	(SCO.)
	Yvert Catalogue Part III	(YVE.)
	Michel Catalogue Part III	(MIC.)
	Robson Lowe Encyclopaedia Part II	(R.L.)
	Sanabria Catalogue	(SAN.)

And in the Leading Role:

Zeheri Specialised Catalogue of Egypt	(ZEH.)
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For the purpose of identification of exact perforations I have used throughout Stanley Gibbons "Instanta" Perforation Gauge, which I have found to be the most reliable gauge on the market. All stamps are listed according to Stanley Gibbons Catalogue numbering. After details of the year of issue and the issue itself or the name of the printers, the S.G. catalogue number, the perforation as listed by S.G. is given. Then follows other catalogue listings that differ from S.G. (if any of the above listed catalogues do NOT appear this signifies that the perforation listed is the same as that in S.G.). There follows what I term the true perforations as found by me in checking thousands of stamps of the respective issues over the years. Finally, a hyphen in the last column means that all catalogues list the perforation wrongly. Where applicable all those catalogues are listed which give the true perforation, as established by me - for each issue separately.

A final analysis of my listing gives indeed a very sorry picture.... It appears that the one catalogue that should really be an example to all others, namely Zeheri specialised, lists true perforations only for five issues out of a total of 44 issues, or part issues (this would apply where a stamp issue consists of stamps of varying formats). One may argue that Zeheri lists another seven issues as  $13\frac{1}{4} \times 13\frac{1}{2}$  where I give these as  $13 \times 13\frac{1}{2}$  - but for these I must insist they are border cases. If the perforation on these does not tally EXACTLY with the quarter perforation of  $13\frac{1}{4}$  then they should be listed in the nearest "half"

perforations - following the practice of Stanley Gibbons listings where quarter perforations are generally discouraged, and where exact quarter perforations are included in the next higher figures. However, Zeheri's  $13\frac{1}{4}$  perforations are wider than the true quarter perforation and therefore must be included in the lower (or wider) classification of perforation 13.

The purpose of this article is the complete overhaul of perforation listings in standard catalogues - for these issues. It is left to other students, interested in the later issues (i.e. after 1935) to complete the study.

YEAR	ISSUE OR PRINTERS	S.G. No.	S.G. PERF.	DIFFERENT LISTINGS	TRUE PERFS.	CORRECTLY LISTED
1879	De la Rue	44/49	14		14 x $13\frac{1}{2}$	by ----
1881/84	"	50/55	14		14 x $13\frac{1}{2}$	----
1888/06	"	57/72	14		14 x $13\frac{1}{2}$	----
1914	" small	73/78	14		$13\frac{1}{2}$ x 14	----
1914	" large	79/82	14		14	All cats.
1921/22	Harrison small	84/92	14		$13\frac{1}{2}$ x 14	----
"	" large	96/97	14		$13\frac{1}{2}$ x 14	----
"	" large	93/95	14		14	All cats.
1923/24	First Fuad small	111/17	$13\frac{1}{2}$	SCO $13\frac{1}{2}$ x 14 MIC 13 x $13\frac{1}{2}$	$13\frac{1}{2}$	SG and YVE
"	" large	118/22	14	SCO 14, $14\frac{1}{2}$ x 14 YVE $13\frac{1}{2}$	14 x $13\frac{1}{2}$	----
1925	Geog. Congress	123/25	$11\frac{1}{2}$ x 11	ZEH $11\frac{1}{2}$ x $11\frac{1}{4}$ SCO 11 x $11\frac{1}{2}$ MIC $11\frac{1}{2}$	11	YVE
1926	Agric. Exhib.	126/31	$13\frac{1}{2}$		13 x $13\frac{1}{2}$	----
1926	58th B' day	132	14 x 15	SCO YVE and ZEH 14 x 15	14 x $14\frac{1}{2}$	MIC
1926/29	Air Stamps	133/34	$13\frac{1}{2}$	SAN 13 ZEH $13\frac{1}{4}$ x $13\frac{1}{2}$	13 x $13\frac{1}{2}$	SCO

YEAR	ISSUE OR PRINTERS	S.G. No.	S.G. PERF.	DIFFERENT LISTINGS	TRUE PERF.	CORRECTLY LISTED
						by
1926	Nav.Congress	138/40	13½		13 x 13½	----
1927	Cotton "	145/47	13½		13 x 13½	----
1927/37	Second Fuad	148/62	13½		13 x 13½	----
"	"	163/68	14		13½ x 14	YVE
"	"	169 and 171	13½	MIC 13½ x 14 (MIC also lists 171 13½)	13 x 13½	----
"	"	170 and 172	13½	MIC 14 x 13½	13½ x 13	----
1927	Statis.Cong.	173/75	13½		13½ x 13	SCO
1928	MedicalCong.	176/77	13½		13½ x 13	SCO
1929	PrinceFarouk	178/81	13½		13½ x 13	SCO
1931	Agric.Exhib.	182/84	13½	SCO 13½ x 13	13 x 13½	----
1933	Rail Congress	189/92	13½	SCO 13½ x 13 MIC 13½ x 13	13 x 13½	----
1933/38	Air Stamps	193/213	13½	MIC 13 x 13¼ ZEH 13¼ x 13½	13 x 13½	SCO
1933	AviationCong.	214/18	13½	SCO 13½ x 13 MIC 13½ x 13 SAN 13½ x 13 ZEH 13¼ x 13½	13 x 13½	----
				(Listed incorrectly as Air Mail stamps).		
1934	U.P.U.Congress	small 219/30	13½ x 14		13½	----
		large 231/32	13½		13½ x 13	----
1936/37	Postes	233/39	13½		13½	All cats.
1936	Agric.Exhib.	240	13½	YVE 13	13½ x 13	MIC
"	"	241/44	13½	YVE 13	13 x 13½	MIC
1889/1920	De la Rue	D15/23	14	<u>POSTAGE DUE STAMPS</u>	14 x 13½	----
1921	Harrison	D24/29	14		14 x 13½	----
1927	Survey Dept.	D34/43	13½		13 x 13½	MIC
"	"	D44	14	YVE/MIC/13½ SCO 14	13½ x 14	----

YEAR	ISSUE OR PRINTERS	S.G. No.	S.G. PERF.	DIFFERENT LISTINGS	TRUE PERF.	CORRECTLY LISTED
by						
<u>OFFICIAL STAMPS</u>						
1893	De la Rue	01	14		14 x 13½	----
1926	Survey Dept.	044/50) 053/55)	13½		13 x 13½	----
"	"	large 051/52	13½ x 14	SCO 13 x 13½	13½	----
<u>EXPRESS STAMPS</u>						
1926/44	Survey Dept.	E1	13½	MIC 13½ ZEH 13¼ x 13½	13 x 13½	SCO
"	"	E2	13½	ZEH 13¼ x 13½	13 x 13½	SCO MIC
"	"	E3	13½	SCO 13 ZEH 13¼ x 13½	13 x 13½	----
"	"	E4	13½	ZEH 13¼ x 13½	13 x 13½	SCO
<u>STAMPS FOR THE BRITISH ARMY CONCESSION</u>						
1936	Fuad	A12/13	13½ x 14		13½ x 14	All cats.
1939	Farouk	A14/15	13 x 13½	YVE/ZEH/13½	13 x 13½	S.G. SCO and MIC

NOTE: Perforations listed by Robson Lowe are the same as those listed by Stanley Gibbons.

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